

LANSING WILL
SUCCEED BRYAN
AS SECRETARY

Appointment Meets with the
Unanimous Approval of the
Cabinet and Pleases the Na-
tional Capital.

IS NOT A POLITICIAN

New Incumbent Has No Poli-
tical Backing or Influence, but
Is Familiar with State Depart-
ment Organization, and For-
eign Problems.

Washington, June 23. Robert Lansing today was selected as secretary of state by President Wilson. He accepted immediately.

Mr. Lansing, who is a son-in-law of former Secretary of State John W. Foster, became counselor of the state department on the retirement of John Bassett Moore and has been openly regarded as President Wilson's mainstay in questions of international law in all the difficult proceedings which have been thrust upon the United States by the European war. It is a matter of common remark in Washington that he has commanded the respect and admiration of the foreign chancelleries here to a marked degree.

Mr. Lansing's home is in Watertown, N. Y., and he is just past to years old. Since 1898 he has practiced law and began his first diplomatic work for the United States in 1902 when he became counsel for the United States in the Berlin arbitration. Soon afterwards he became counsel for the United States before the claims commission and following that as a commissioner for the Alaskan boundary tribunal. In 1906 he became counsel in the North Atlantic coast fisheries at the Hague.

His last work before becoming counselor for the state department was as agent for the United States in the Anglo-American claims arbitration. He was nominated from Amherst college. Only yesterday he received an honorary degree at Colgate University. His writings on international law have attracted wide attention. Since 1902 he has been an associate editor of the American Journal of International Law.

Mr. Lansing has shown very little interest in politics and at one time there seemed to be some doubt among the President's advisers if it would not be necessary to select a man who was more prominent and probably had performed better service for his party. From the latter service he has been in favor of Mr. Lansing's selection and it is understood at the President took the view that the policy of the man was more to be considered at this juncture of international affairs than any other consideration. When Congress meets his nomination will have to be submitted to the Senate for confirmation in the regular way.

CABINET PLEASED

Four appointments in recent years have been such a marked satisfaction in the national capital. Mr. Lansing is a national democrat, but he has devoted his life to international law and diplomacy. It is as popular with former republicans as with his colleagues. Members of the cabinet who talked with the President were unanimous in their recommendation that he should be appointed. Mr. E. M. House and other close personal friends of the President advised selection, and Mr. Bryan himself, though not consulted, is understood to be in favor of the promotion of Mr. Lansing.

Official announcement of the selection of Mr. Lansing was made in the following statement issued from the White House:

Before leaving this evening for a brief stay in New Hampshire the President announced that he had offered the post of secretary of state to Robert Lansing, present counselor of the department of state, and that Mr. Lansing had accepted the appointment.

NOT A POLITICIAN.

Mr. Lansing personally has no political backing or influence. Succeeding William J. Bryan, a comparatively unknown figure in the political world has been entered into the membership of the cabinet. This, indeed, commended itself to President's advisers as a reason for appointment of a man of Mr. Lansing's experience and ability. The argument was advanced that at a time so critical in the nation's history, the post of the United States required all possible consideration and that Mr. Lansing's long and successful career in international law and diplomacy was a more fitting preparation for the position than any other living lawyer.

Mr. Lansing is 57 years old, a native of Watertown, N. Y., and a descendant of the family of John Lansing, who represented New York in the constitutional convention of 1787 and later was chancellor of the State of New York. After graduation from Amherst College in 1886, Lansing chose the profession of law and in private practice except when called upon by the American government in foreign nations in important cases, enjoys the distinction of having represented the United States in more international arbitrations than any living

LEMBERG FALLS
INTO HANDS OF
AUSTRO-GERMANS

Russians Had Held Galician Capital Since Early
in September—If Blow Is as Severe as
Claimed, German Forces Should Be Free to
Reinforce Western Line.

London, June 23. 10.35 p. m.—The Russians have lost Lemberg. They captured the Galician capital early in September and held it continuously until Tuesday, when the combined Austro-German forces compelled them to retreat from the city, which is only sixty miles west from the nearest point of the Russian frontier.

Whether the fall of Lemberg means that the Russian army operating south of the front, where for days they have been hard pressed by the French, is cut off from the army to the north, stretching across Poland to the Baltic, cannot yet be said. The newspapers of both Vienna and Berlin say this is the case and that the Russian army has received a blow from which they cannot recover.

If the stroke proves as crushing as the Austrians predict, its effect, military observers here say, soon should be felt in the transfer of vast German forces to the west, where for days they have been hard pressed by the French. Up to ten o'clock tonight Petrograd had not received the full of Lemberg. Previous dispatches from the Russian capital, however, related details of what appeared to be the systematic withdrawal of the Russians from the town, and it is believed in military circles here that when the report is taken of the Austro-German booty it will not be large, for, as was the case at Przemyśl, the Russians are said to have worked hard to remove everything of military value.

Telegram received from Vienna con-

firming the capture of Lemberg and recording the celebration of the capture in Vienna over the victory, and that the Austrian correspondents with the Russian army pay tribute to the magnificent rear guard action fought by the Russians, who are declared to have retreated eastward in good order, leaving behind few prisoners, and even removing the Russian documents from the city, which, when the Russians occupied it, has been called by them Lvov. One telegram from Vienna says Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph purpose to meet soon in the recaptured Galician capital for "fitting ceremonies to mark the end of Russian dominance of Galicia."

The news of the fall of Lemberg was known on the continent yesterday, but it did not reach London until late this afternoon, when bulletins arrived almost simultaneously by wireless from Berlin and Vienna by way of Amsterdam. The British press had been expecting such a development and there was no more than passing comment on it, though it drove home, according to military observers, the fact how single must have been the Austro-German ammunition supply to accomplish the feat.

Berlin and Vienna are reported to be filled with joy over the victory of their forces. Archduke Frederick of Austria, commander-in-chief of the Austrian forces, and General August von Mackensen, commander of the German army, both have been made field marshals of the Prussian army in recognition of their services in the Galician campaign.

On the River Dniester, south of Lemberg, the battle is still raging.

WAR NEWS SUMMARY

The Russians are, the Vienna official communication states, in retreat also near Zolkiew and Bawa Ruska to the northwest of Lemberg, between the San and Vistula rivers, and in the vicinity of Kielce, across the border in Russian Poland.

The German Emperor is believed to have been at the front at the taking of Lemberg, and word comes from Petrograd that Emperor Nicholas has started for the Russian front, doubtless with the object of inspiring his soldiers to his presence.

Heavy fighting on the Gallipoli peninsula ended with success for the allies along almost the entire line. After preparation by the allied artillery, two lines of Turkish positions were taken and held by the allies in spite of numerous counter attacks. In this way the allies, the French war office says, have gained an important strategic position which commands the head of the

American, and a French authority recently wrote that Mr. Lansing probably had had a longer and broader experience in international arbitration and had appeared more frequently before international tribunals than any other living lawyer.

BARRE'S \$100,000 HOTEL

To Be Opened with Banquet This Evening—J. V. Bowen the
Manager.

Barre, June 23.—Hotel Barre, the new \$100,000 structure recently completed from capital subscribed by local business and professional men, will be thrown open to the public tomorrow evening when Manager J. V. Bowen, of the Barre hotel, proprietor of the hotel in Barre, will serve a banquet to local people. Prominent Vermont and New Hampshire hotel men will be among the speakers at the after-dinner exercises. Semi-civil associations were also represented in the speechmaking. The hotel will be open to the traveling public on the morning of June 25.

Principally through the public spiritedness of Barre business men this city is at last able to have a modern hotel. Soon after the destruction of the City Hotel by fire in 1914, steps were taken by the Barre board of trade to purchase the site. Public subscriptions made the purchase possible and before long it was transferred as a gift to the newly incorporated Barre Hotel company. Later at a special city meeting the property was exempted from taxation for a period of five years. Work on the foundation of a four-story structure was started in the summer of 1914. The hotel is equipped with elevator service, a dining hall seating 50 people, and there are 50 sleeping rooms. W. S. Swallow & Co. erected the building, plans for which were drawn by George M. Bartlett of New York.

Tonight a private dinner will be tendered the stockholders, who are: E. D. Ladd, Dr. M. Miles, H. W. Hooker, F. E. Langley, W. M. Holden, W. G. Reynolds, H. F. Cutler, George B. Milne, John Trow, Donald Smith, H. W. Varum, E. W. Biscoe, John G. Morrison and H. Gale Bennett. The directors are: Messrs. Ladd, Milne, Reynolds, Hooker, Miles, Trow and Cutler. E. D. Ladd is the president, G. B. Milne the vice-president, E. W. Biscoe, treasurer, and W. M. Holden the secretary.

BELGIANS TAKE
TOWN IN AFRICA

Harve, June 24, 130 a. m.—A dispatch from the Belgian Congo to the Belgian minister of colonies announces that a Belgian column has captured Kikistrie, an important station in the German colony, situated on the northeast bank of Lake Kivu in German East Africa.

BRITISH LABOR IS
GIVEN SEVEN DAYS
TO PROVIDE MEN

Lloyd-George Announces That in
Event of Failure to Respond
Compulsion Is Inevitable—
Contrast with Germany.

STRIKES MADE ILLEGAL

Other Features of Relations of
Capital and Labor Are Regu-
lated—"Coal King" Sent to
Represent Munitions Depart-
ment in America.

London, June 23. 8.46 p. m.—David Lloyd-George, the minister of munitions, has given British labor seven days in which to make good the promise of its leaders that men will rally to the factories in sufficient numbers to produce a maximum supply of munitions of war.

This was the first striking statement in the House of Commons today in the course of outlining the munitions measures designed to control not only the output but the men responsible for the output.

The first of the seven allotted days will begin tomorrow, and with its dawn will be launched a great campaign to recruit the workers.

"I had a free discussion with the trades union leaders," said Mr. Lloyd-George in his speech, "and told them if an adequate supply of labor could not be secured, compulsion was inevitable. The union representatives answered: 'Give us a chance to supply the men needed in seven days. If we cannot do them we will admit that our case is hopelessly weakened.'"

There will be no limit to the men enrolled they will not wear uniforms, but will have to carry their full time to the work, and they will receive a certificate attesting the fact of their service for King and country.

STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS ILLEGAL

The munitions bill makes strikes and lockouts illegal, provides for compulsory arbitration, limits the power of employers to create a voluntary union of workers, and contains other provisions, which will give the minister full powers to carry out the plan he has devised to develop the production of munitions.

After emphasizing the absolute necessity of a supply of men and arms and munitions, which he described as the essential of victory, the minister announced that he had sent David Alfred Thomas, managing director of great steel companies in South Wales, and known as the "British coal king," to represent the munitions department in the United States and Canada. Respecting this appointment the minister said:

"In consequence of the great importance of the American and Canadian markets and the numerous offers to provide munitions, it is very desirable that we have some one over there. Mr. Thomas will be given the fullest responsibilities. There is not the slightest idea of suppressing our existing agencies. They have worked admirably and have saved many millions. Mr. Thomas will cooperate with the Messrs. Morgan with a view to expediting supplies."

GERMAN PREPARATIONS

Speaking of German preparations, the minister said:

"Germany has been piling up material. Until she was ready she was friendly with everybody. During the Balkan crisis none could have been more moderate or unpretentious. She had a benevolent smile for France. She walked arm in arm with Great Britain through the channels of Europe. We really thought an era of peace and good will had begun. At the moment she was forming and hiding away enormous war stores to attack her neighbors unawares and murder them in their sleep."

"If that trickery is to succeed all the bases of international good will will crumble to dust. It is essential for the peace of the world that it should fail, and it is up to us to see that it does so. It depends more upon Great Britain than on any one else to see that it fails."

"We must strain every resource of the munitions of organization at our disposal so as to drive conviction into the heart of every nation over the whole world that those governments who deceive their neighbors to their ruin do so at their peril."

The minister said he would hold himself responsible for the supply of ammunition at the front, and that he was sure that Lord Kitchener would agree that the minister of munitions should have a free hand.

The bill passed its first reading; it will receive its second reading Monday.

BRATTLEBORO H. S.
ALUMNI FROLIC

Brattleboro, June 23. The annual frolic of the alumni of the high school was held this evening under propitious weather conditions. It was the 25th reunion of the class of 1890. The members enjoyed a dinner in Dunbar hall, after participating in the annual parade of all classes headed by the First Regiment band, had a room in the building to themselves where a radio-phonograph displayed pictures that furnished interesting entertainment by recalling school days to the members of the class. After the parade there was entertainment in the high school assembly room by professional entertainers and class yells and songs were reviewed with abandon.

HAPPENINGS IN VT.;
NEWS BY COUNTIESADDISON COUNTY
MIDDLEBURY.

The graduating exercises of the Middlebury high school were held in the town hall Friday night with an overflow attendance. The stage was trimmed with potted plants and evergreens. The school committee and teachers sat on the stage. The graduating exercises commenced at eight o'clock, when the graduating class marched into the hall from the front door with Roger Higgins as marshal and took seats in the front. The judges for the prizes were Professor Vernon C. Harrington of the Middlebury College, Judge James B. Donaway and Dr. P. L. Dorey. The first prize of \$12 was awarded to Miss Jessie Macomber (twice); second prize of \$8 to Miss Anna Leitch (twice); the third of \$5 to Miss Mildred May Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Swift are at the home of her father, ex-Gov. John W. Stewart. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reese, who have spent a few months in Florida, have returned to town. Mrs. Charles Earle has gone to the Mary Fletcher hospital at Burlington to undergo treatment. Mr. and Mrs. Mary Winch and son, Stanton, of Pittsford are in town to visit Mrs. Winch's mother, Mrs. Margaret Gilmore. Several local people are rehearsing the play, "The Run-Away," to be given at the opera house, Wednesday evening, June 23, for the benefit of the Relief fund—Prof. Raymond McFarland and family left Saturday night for Charlottesville, Va., where he will be an instructor in the summer school at the University of Virginia. Dr. and Mrs. Hal Seelye and two daughters of Nebraska are visiting his parents, Prof. and Mrs. H. Seelye. His brother, Lockwood Seelye, Mrs. Seelye, and their son and daughter, of Newark, N. J., are also visiting his parents. Mr. and Mrs. John Slinger, who have been visiting relatives for a few days in Vergennes, have returned home. James Rogers has returned from Burlington, where he visited his wife, who is a patient at the Mary Fletcher hospital. Harold Drew is in Haverhill, Mass., to spend the summer. George Kibler, president of the Vermont State Farmers' association, was in Rutland Saturday to attend a meeting of the executive committee to make arrangements for a tournament this year. There was a good attendance at the memorial day exercises of Lake Dunmore Lodge, No. 11, held in their hall Sunday afternoon. Carl Mead, who has been in town for a few days, has returned to New York city. Ray Mudge has gone to his home in Ludlow to spend the summer. Max D. Miles of Chittenden Falls, Mass., is in town attending the commencement exercises. Mrs. Eva Cressett of Bellows Falls is in town for a few weeks. Mrs. George Norton, of Sunnyside, N. Y., is in town for a few days. Mrs. S. B. Kendall of Pittsford is attending commencement at Middlebury College. Her daughter, Miss Ruth Kendall, is a member of the graduating class and is one of the four young women chosen for graduation speakers.

George Norton, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. George Norton, of Sunnyside, N. Y., had a narrow escape from serious injury on Main street Wednesday afternoon. He had just borrowed a bicycle belonging to Edward Kendall, who was riding on Main street and when just south of Shackleton's meat market, collided with an automobile, which ran over the boy's left foot, breaking the bone in his big toe. He was taken to the office of Dr. S. S. Eddy by C. H. Ring of New Haven.

ADDISON COUNTY
MIDDLEBURY.

Local, Mo., are commencement guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hagan. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ward, who have been at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Butterfield for a few days, have returned to Winooski. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wainwright and two children are in town for a few days. The Messrs. Rutton were at one time prominent lawyers in this village, but are now in New York city, where they have a large practice. Mrs. Manley Black and some who have been at the home of Mrs. Mary Gilmore of Seminary street for a week, have returned to Pittsford. George Wright of St. Albans is in town to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Guiley. C. J. Cady has gone to Spring Grove camp grounds, where he is looking after the work of repairing several of the buildings. The annual camp meeting will be held there in August. J. E. Downing has gone to his home in Bridgeport, Conn., where he will look after his father's hotel during the summer. Charles Lamond has gone to Burlington for a week's visit to his daughter, Mrs. Frank Stay. C. R. Wall has gone to Underhill to spend the summer. James Rogers has returned from Burlington, where he went to visit his wife, who is at the Mary Fletcher hospital. She is slowly recovering. Monday, market day, eggs brought 18 to 20 cents and butter 22 to 24 cents. Miss Gamons, who has been at the home of Mrs. Cora Nash on Court street for a week, has returned to Rutland. Street Commissioner McElhinney and a force of men have commenced the laying of a new cement walk on the west side of South Pleasant street.

Miss Maudie Mullen has gone to Barre, where she has a position. L. W. Wild has gone to West Stewartstown, N. H., where he has a position in a summer hotel. Col. S. A. Dickey, who is ill at his rooms at the Addison House, had a more comfortable night Monday. Lewis Cota has returned from Springfield, Mass., where she has been for two weeks to visit her daughter, V. W. Mitchell. Miss Esther Hendricks has gone to Burlington for a few days. Miss Doris Rogers, who has been in town for a week, returning to Burlington. Prof. Samuel Sheldon and son of Burlington, N. Y., are in town. Mrs. Theodore Dickett and two children have gone to Hardwick, where they will visit for a few weeks. A. A. Haffa has gone to Troy, N. Y., where he will spend 10 days. Max D. Miles of Chittenden Falls, Mass., is in town for a few days. S. B. Kendall of Pittsford is attending commencement at Middlebury College. Her daughter, Miss Ruth Kendall, is a member of the graduating class and is one of the four young women chosen for graduation speakers.

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(Continued on page two.)

MULLER SHOT AS
GERMAN SPY IN
TOWER OF LONDON

London, June 23. 5.30 p. m.—F. Robert Muller, who on June 4 was found guilty of the old British law of being a German spy, was executed in the Tower of London today by shooting.

Another alleged German spy, Robert Rosenthal, who is said to be the police to have confessed that he was sent to England by the German admiralty to obtain secret information.

The official announcement concerning Muller and Rosenthal was extremely brief, stating merely that Muller had been put to death in the Tower this morning and that the "summary of the evidence in the case of the alleged spy, Rosenthal, was taken to the Wellington barracks today. He will be tried by court martial."

It is presumed that Muller faced a firing squad in the yard of the Tower of London at dawn as did Carl Hans Lody, who was executed last November after he had been convicted of spying.

F. Robert Muller was arrested some time ago together with Anton Kieperle, a man named Hahn, all accused of sending military information to Germany by means of invisible ink. Muller and Hahn were convicted, Muller being sentenced to death and Hahn to seven years' penal servitude. Kieperle, committed suicide while his trial was in progress.

ST. JOHNSBURY'S
OLDEST MAN DIES
AT AGE OF 91

St. Johnsbury, June 23.—Warren C. Lewis, the oldest man in St. Johnsbury and until recently splendidly preserved, died this morning at the age of 91. He was born in Concord and for over 20 years had been agent for one fire insurance company. He is survived by his wife. The funeral will be on Friday.

CHARGED WITH
STEALING ENGINE

Rutland, June 23.—Davis Savigne, foreman for the Eastman Marble company of West Rutland, was arrested today on a charge of grand larceny by Deputy Sheriff Patrick H. Patten of West Rutland, the warrant being issued by State's Attorney C. V. Poudin. He appeared before City Judge P. G. Salmon and furnished \$500 bail for his appearance when wanted, the hearing being postponed because the respondent's attorney, Walter S. Patten, was out of town.

THAW IS SANE
IN OPINION OF
13 WITNESSES

Including Prisoner Himself—All
Agree That He Showed No
Symptoms of Delusion and
Seemed Rational.

NEVER WAS VIOLENT

Entire Story of the Case Likely
to Be Repeated in State's Effort
to Prove Thaw Incurable
Paranoiac and Morally Per-
verted.

New York, June 23.—Thirteen witnesses, including Thaw himself, testified today that they believed Harry K. Thaw is sane. They appeared in the proceedings before a jury to test Thaw's present mental state. Upon the outcome of this litigation depends the question whether the slayer of Stanford White will go free or return to the insane asylum from which he escaped.

The witnesses included four jurors at Thaw's former trial, two chaplains, a physician and a keeper at the Tombs prison, where Thaw was at various times confined; two newspaper men who had been associated with him during the nine years' history of Thaw litigation; a lawyer who had met Thaw in New Hampshire; a juror in civil proceedings instituted by one of Thaw's former attorneys against Thaw's mother.

They all agreed that Thaw showed no symptoms of delusion, that he could talk intelligently on many subjects, had never been violent in his conduct, that his knowledge and was rational in his talk and actions.

Thaw himself appeared to be composed when on the witness stand and answered the questions of his attorney in well-modulated voice and without hesitation. He described the story of his escape from Matteawan and his subsequent movements in Vermont, Canada and New Hampshire. He said he had been in Matteawan because they had told him that he was sane and that he himself believed that he was. His cross-examination was postponed.

That the whole sordid history of the Thaw case—his alleged relations with women, the story of Evelyn Nesbit's relations with Stanford White and the circumstances which led up to his killing in Thaw's mind—had been presented before the trial is concluded, was indicated by Deputy Attorney-General Cook in his address to the jury. He said that the State would prove that Thaw was an incurable paranoiac and was morally perverted.

In his cross-examination of the witnesses today Mr. Cook put questions designed to impress upon the jury that a man suffering from the form of insanity which the State alleges Thaw possesses, might appear perfectly rational in his ordinary association, even mentally brilliant. One important witness whom the State desires to call, Susan Merrill, whose home Thaw was alleged at his trial for murder to have frequented, was missing. Mr. Cook said today. She had been located in Boston and had promised to come to New York. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, he said, had been interviewed by the prosecution and had promised to appear if needed.

Vaudeville Artists Sue.

Montpelier, June 23.—With allegations of being forcibly detained and imprisoned without cause, Fanny Olive and J. Olive of Cambridge, Mass., have caused suits to be entered in Washington county court, returnable for the September term, against B. L. McIntyre and Ida McIntyre of this city, George Morris of Barre and C. E. Henderson of Woodville, N. H. The plaintiffs in each of the cases, which are actions of trespass, is suing for \$10,000. Mr. McIntyre is manager of the Pavilion in Barre. The action against which Mr. Henderson is plaintiff.

Other cases entered include Joseph Johnson of Barre against John Anderson of Barre. \$50 damages being claimed, the plaintiff alleging that the defendant caused an automobile accident by negligent driving. Anderson is also defendant in a suit brought by Leander Bertrand of Barre for \$500, Bertrand being with Johnson at the time of the accident, which occurred last month on the Barre road. Bertrand alleges that he suffered a fracture skull and concussion of the brain. A suit was entered several weeks ago by Anderson against John for \$500, Anderson putting the responsibility of the accident on John. Following the automobile collision John and Bertrand were arrested for intoxication and adjudged guilty in Barre city court. They have taken appeals.

WEDDING AT
ST. JOHNSBURY

St. Johnsbury, June 23.—At a quiet wedding this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Mary Menut, Dr. Joseph Cushman Breiting of Lunenburg and Miss Leone Abernethy, a trained nurse, were married by the Rev. Frederick B. Richards. The groom is a native of Randolph, Mass., attended the Academy, Braintree, Mass., and received his M. D. from Maine medical school at Bowdoin College in 1897. He has practiced medicine at Lunenburg since his graduation. His bride is a graduate of Sherbrooke, P. Q., hospital. For their wedding trip they have gone to Tobystown, Pa., where the U. S. medical corps to which Dr. Breiting belongs is in camp.

GUILFORD FIRE LOSS
\$15,000; INCENDIARY
WORK IS SUSPECTED

Brattleboro, July 23.—It developed today that the fire which totally destroyed last night the factory building in the Adams district of Guilford, and its contents, owned by Robert G. Coombs, caused a total damage of over \$15,000 on which there is about two-thirds insurance.

Mr. Coombs had recently bought the beekoppers business established in Colrain, Mass., in 1890 by William Cary, Sr., and was now England agent for the A. I. Root Co. of Dayton, Ohio, the largest concern doing that form of business in the country. His building was packed with all sorts of supplies, including a large quantity of dynamite, and contained much valuable machinery. The loss on "foundation," a material of waxlike substance used in bee hives, two tons of which had recently been placed in the building, will reach about nearly \$1,000.

Mr. Coombs collapsed at the fire and this morning his trouble, was diagnosed as appendicitis. He is at the home of his father in Brattleboro. The family home near the shop was burned last August. Mr. Coombs has not decided on his future plans. He and all residents, of that neighborhood believe the fire was of incendiary origin.

DRANK VETERINARY'S SOLUTION
Man Was Foaming at Mouth—Emetic
Speedily Given Saved His
Life.

St. Albans, June 23.—A man who gives his name as Wheeler, but will give no further information about himself, was taken to the hospital about six o'clock this morning suffering from the effects of drinking a solution used by Dr. H. E. Barker, a local veterinarian, in his work. The man was seen coming from the Guilford stable sheds foaming at the mouth. Evidently he thought the bottle, which was in Dr. Barker's wagon, contained a beverage. At the Central House the clerk gave the man an emetic and to this he probably owes his life. He was unconscious when taken to the hospital. It is expected he will be able to leave there Thursday. He is about 50 years old.